# Grade 4 - Book B 

(CAPS edition)

## Revised for 2023

## INDEX:

## Page:

B1. Fractions ..... 3
B2. Introduction to decimal fractions ..... 43
B3. Money ..... 51
B3. 2D-shapes and 3D-shapes ..... 69
Symmetry, tesselation, transformation, window reference
B4. Measurement ..... 89
B6. Area and Perimeter ..... 117
B7. Data ..... 125
B7. Probability ..... 133

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## Chapter B1

## Fractions

## B1.1 Principles of Fractions:

## Exercise 1:

Date: $\qquad$
(1) Colour half of the shapes.

(2) Study the blocks and answer the questions.

A

B

C

D
a) How many shapes are in block $A$ ?
b) What fraction of the shapes in block $A$ is triangles?
c) How many shapes are in block D?
d) What fraction of the shapes in block $D$ is squares?
e) What fraction of the shapes in block $B$ is circles?
f) What fraction of the shapes in block $C$ is not triangles?

$$
4
$$

(3) What fraction of each of the following pictures are not shaded?
(a) $\begin{array}{ll}0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0\end{array}$
(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)


One of the four is not coloured. $\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)$
Three of the four are coloured. ( $\frac{3}{4}$ )
There are four quarters altogether. ( $\frac{4}{4}$ )

| $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ |

(4) Complete the table:
(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)

(g)

(h)


| FRACTION <br> SHADED | FRACTION NOT <br> SHADED | WRITE ALL THE <br> FRACTIONS AS A <br> WHOLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

(5) Indicate if the following as 'true' or 'false'. Only write down a 'T' or ' $F$ '.
(a)


There are 2 wholes.
There are 8 quarters.
$\qquad$
There are 8 quarters.
There are 10 quarters coloured.
There are 4 wholes.
There are 4 halves $\qquad$
Two halves are coloured.
One whole is coloured.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(b)

$\qquad$
$\qquad$
(6) Colour the fractions.


Exercise 2:
Date:
This block is divided into quarters. To divide a block into quarters, it has to be divided into 4 equal parts.

(1) Divide the shapes and then colour it as requested.

| (a) Colour $a \frac{1}{4}$. | (b) Colour $a \frac{1}{3} \cdot$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| (c) Colour $a \frac{1}{4}$. |  |



|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (g) Colour a $\frac{1}{3}$ | (h) Colour $\mathrm{a} \frac{1}{6}$. | (i) Colour $\mathrm{a} \frac{1}{5}$. |


(2) (a) Colour one quarter each time. options.
(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)


$$
\text { LEARN! } \frac{3}{4}=\frac{\text { numerator }}{\text { denominator }}
$$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { numerator = denominator (one - whole) } \\
& \text { numerator > denominator (more than one whole) } \\
& \text { numerator < denominator (less than one whole) }
\end{aligned}
$$

(3) Indicate the fractions that are more than a whole, less than a whole or equal to a whole. Write the fractions in the correct block
(a) $\frac{2}{4}$
(b) $\frac{5}{4}$
(c) $\frac{1}{4}$
(d) $\frac{3}{4}$
(e) $\frac{9}{4}$
(f) $\frac{12}{4}$
(g) $\frac{4}{4}$

| ONE WHOLE | LESS THAN A WHOLE | MORE THAN A WHOLE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |

(4) Use p. 10 to draw the above (number 3) in blocks.

## HALVE AND DOUBLE (Speed test)

## Exercise B1A:

(1) Write the answers.

Double the numbers.

| $(\mathrm{a})$ | 7 | $\rightarrow$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $(\mathrm{c})$ | 14 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{e})$ | 9 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{~g})$ | 11 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{i})$ | 15 | $\rightarrow$ |
| (k) | 26 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{~m})$ | 35 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{o})$ | 22 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{q})$ | 45 | $\rightarrow$ |
| $(\mathrm{~s})$ | 64 | $\rightarrow$ |

(2) Complete the halves and wholes
(a) $4=\square$ halves
(c) $6=\square$ halves
(e) $9=\square$ halves
(g) $8=\square$ halves
(i) $5=\square$ halves
(b) $12=\square$ halves
(d) $16=\square$ halves
(f) $17=\square$ halves
(h) $19=\square$ halves
(j) $15=\square$ halves
(k) 13 halves $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ halves remain.
(I) 23 halves $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ halves remain.
(m) 15 halves $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ halves remain
(n) 29 halves $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ halves remain
(o) 19 halves $=\square$ heles $+\square$ halves remain. Total out of 35

## Exercise 3:

Date: $\qquad$
(1) Complete the number line. Write down the missing numbers.
(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

(e)

(f)


## CHALLENGING EXERCISE:



## QUARTERS (Speed test)

## Exercise B1B:

Date: $\qquad$
(1) Write the answers.

| (a) | 1 | = | quarters | (b) | 4 quarters | = | wholes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | 3 | $=$ | quarters | (d) | 12 quarters | $=$ | wholes |
| (e) | 5 | = | quarters | (f) | 8 quarters | $=$ | wholes |
| (g) | 12 | = | quarters | (h) | 20 quarters | $=$ | wholes |
| (i) | 2 | = | quarters | (j) | 16 quarters | = | wholes |
| (k) | 11 | = | quarters | (I) | 24 quarters | = | wholes |
| (m) | 50 | $=$ | quarters | (n) | 32 quarters | = | wholes |
| (0) | 25 |  | quarters | (p) | 40 quarters | $=$ | wholes |
| (q) | 40 |  | quarters | *(r) | 100 quarters | = | wholes |
| (s) | 15 | $=$ | quarters | *(t) | 120 quarters | = | wholes |

(2) Complete with quarters and wholes.
(a) 5 quarters $=$ $\square$ whole $+\square$ quarter remains
(b) 9 quarters $=\quad \square$ wholes $+\square$ quarter remains
(c) 14 quarters $=\quad \square$ wholes $+\square$ quarters remain
(d) 25 quarters $=\quad$ wholes $+\square$ quarter remains
(e) 34 quarters = $\square$ wholes + $\square$ quarters remain

| PROPER FRACTION | IMPROPER FRACTION | MIXED FRACTION |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\mathbf{4}}{\mathbf{6}}$ | $\frac{\mathbf{1 3}}{\mathbf{6}}$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| The fraction is smaller than <br> a whole. <br> The numerator is less than <br> the denominator. | The fraction is greater <br> than a whole. <br> The numerator is greater <br> than the denominator | The fraction is greater than a <br> whole. A number consisting <br> of an integer and a proper <br> fraction |

## Exercise 4:

Date: $\qquad$
(1) Classify the fractions as proper fractions, improper fractions, or mixed numbers.
$\frac{15}{4}$
$\frac{2}{4}$
$\frac{7}{3}$
$4 \frac{1}{4}$
fraction
fraction
fraction
fraction
(2) Encircle all the fractions that are more than 1 whole.

| $\frac{15}{15}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{3}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{2}$ | $\frac{7}{4}$ | $\frac{1}{1}$ | $\frac{4}{4}$ | $\frac{12}{2}$ | $\frac{14}{4}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

(3) Complete the questions:
(a)


(i) There are $\square$ quarters.
(ii) There are $\square$ wholes.
(b)

(i) There are $\square$ sixths
(ii) There are $\square$ wholes
(4) How many wholes are there?

| (a) $\frac{4}{2}$ | $=$ | (b) $\frac{14}{2}=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (d) $\frac{10}{2}$ | $=$ | (e) $\frac{24}{3}=$ |

$\qquad$

## FIFTHS (Speed test)

## Exercise B1C:

(1) Write the answers.

| (a) | 1 | = | fifths | (b) | 5 fifths | = | wholes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | 4 | $=$ | fifths | (d) | 10 fifths |  | wholes |
| (e) | 5 | $=$ | fifths | (f) | 20 fifths | $=$ | wholes |
| (g) | 3 | $=$ | fifths | (h) | 25 fifths | = | wholes |
| (i) | 8 |  | fifths | (j) | 15 fifths | $=$ | wholes |
| (k) | 10 | $=$ | fifths | (I) | 30 fifths | $=$ | wholes |
| (m) | 12 | $=$ | fifths | ( n ) | 50 fifths | = | wholes |
| (o) | 6 | = | fifths | (p) | 40 fifths | = | wholes |
| (q) | 7 | $=$ | fifths | *(r) | 100 fifths | = | wholes |
| (s) | 9 | = | fifths | *(t) | 150 fifths | = | wholes |

(2) Complete with fifths and wholes.
(a) 6 fifths $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ fifth remains.
(b) 9 fifths $=\square$ wholes + $\square$ fifths remain
(c) 11 fifths $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ fifth remains

* (d) 36 fifths $=\square$ wholes $+\square$ fifth remains

$$
\text { (e) } 34 \text { fifths }=\square \text { wholes }+\square \text { fifths remain }
$$

(g) $\frac{12}{2}=$
(h) $\frac{36}{2}=$
(i) $\frac{48}{2}=$
(j) $\frac{20}{2}=$
(m) $\frac{16}{2}=$
(k) $\frac{30}{2}=$
(n) $\frac{40}{5}=$
(p) $\frac{14}{2}=$
(q) $\frac{30}{2}=$
(I) $\frac{70}{2}=$
(o) $\frac{56}{7}=$
(r) $\frac{64}{8}=$

| 1 whole |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ |  | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  | $\frac{1}{4}$ |  |
| $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ | $\frac{1}{8}$ |

## Exercise 5:

Date: $\qquad$
(1) Study the diagram. Fill in: >; < or $=$
(a) $\frac{\mathbf{4}}{8}$

$\frac{1}{2}$
(d) $\frac{1}{1}$ $\square$ $\frac{4}{4}$
(g) $\frac{1}{2}$ $\qquad$
(j) $\qquad$ $\frac{20}{20}$
(m) $\quad \frac{2}{2}$

(p)
$\qquad$
(s) $\quad 1$
$\square$
$\frac{4}{4}$
(b) $\frac{1}{8} \square$
(e) $\frac{\mathbf{2}}{\mathbf{8}} \square$
$\frac{1}{4}$
$\frac{1}{4}$
(c) $\frac{3}{8}$

$\frac{2}{4}$
(f) $\frac{2}{4} \square$
(i) $\frac{1}{20} \square \frac{1}{10}$
(I) $\frac{1}{1}$

$\frac{5}{4}$
(0) $\frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{6}{8}$
(r) $\frac{5}{4} \square \frac{2}{2}$
(u) 2 $\square$ $\frac{8}{8}$
(2) Write down all the fractions in the box that are equal to one half.

| $\frac{4}{6}$ | $\frac{4}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{9}$ | $\frac{12}{24}$ | $\frac{6}{10}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ | $\frac{9}{10}$ | $\frac{20}{40}$ | $\frac{1}{3}$ | $\frac{16}{18}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{7}{14}$ | $\frac{4}{5}$ | $\frac{6}{12}$ | $\frac{5}{10}$ | $\frac{7}{8}$ | $\frac{14}{28}$ | $\frac{15}{30}$ | $\frac{8}{10}$ | $\frac{12}{20}$ | $\frac{8}{16}$ |

(a) $\qquad$ (b) $\qquad$
(d) $\qquad$ (e) $\qquad$
(g) $\qquad$
(h) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
(c)
$\qquad$
(f) $\qquad$
(i) $\qquad$

(i)

| 1 whole |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |  | $\frac{1}{3}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\frac{1}{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{1}{6}$ |  | $\frac{1}{6}$ |
| $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ | $\frac{1}{12}$ |

## Exercise 6:

Date: $\qquad$
(1) Complete with equivalent fractions:

| 1 | $\overline{ }$ | $\overline{2}$ | $=$ | $\overline{3}$ | $=$ | $\overline{4}$ | $=$ | $\overline{\overline{8}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :--- |

(2) Study the above diagram and answer the following questions.
(a) $\frac{2}{6}=$
third
(b) $\frac{6}{6}=$
whole
(c) $\frac{2}{3}=$ $\qquad$ sixths
(d) $\frac{4}{12}=$ $\qquad$ third

## SIXTHS (Speed test)

## Exercise B1D:

(1) Write the answers.

| (a) | 1 | = | sixths | (b) | 6 sixths | = | whole |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (c) | 3 | $=$ | sixths | (d) | 12 sixths | $=$ | wholes |
| (e) | 6 | = | sixths | (f) | 36 sixths | $=$ | wholes |
| (g) | 5 | $=$ | sixths | (h) | 72 sixths | $=$ | wholes |
| (i) | 9 | = | sixths | (j) | 18 sixths | $=$ | wholes |
| (k) | 11 | = | sixths | (I) | 42 sixths | $=$ | wholes |
| (m) | 12 | = | sixths | ( n ) | 60 sixths | $=$ | wholes |
| (0) | 8 | $=$ | sixths | (p) | 48 sixths | = | wholes |
| (q) | 20 | $=$ | sixths | *(r) | 120 sixths | = | wholes |
| (s) | 30 | = | sixths | *(t) | 360 sixths | = | wholes |

(2) Complete with sixths and wholes.
(a) 8 sixths $=$
(b) 15 sixths $=$
(c) 19 sixths $=$
(d) 37 sixths $=$
(e) 50 sixths =
 wholes $+\square$ sixths remain
$\square$ wholes + $\square$ sixth remain

wholes + $\square$ sixths remain
$\square$ wholes + $\square$ sixth remain
$\square$ wholes + $\square$ sixths remain

